The “Works Cited” list identifies the sources you borrow from—and therefore cite—in the body of your written document. It appears at the end of your document on a separate page. The title is Works Cited and is centred on the page. The core elements of a works cited entry are given in the chart below in the order in which they should appear. Notice the entries appear in alphabetical order and are double spaced.

| 1. Author. | (last name, first name.) |
| 2. Title of Source. | (“Nerd Alert: Reading Is Good for Your Health.”) |
| 3. Title of Overall Work, | (CNN.com) (The Guardian Weekly,) |
| 4. Other Contributors, | (Translated by Annette Lavers,) |
| 6. Number, | (vol. 2,) (vol. 129, no. 1,) (season 4, episode 10) |
| 7. Publisher, | (Penguin Press,) (Oxford UP,) (Twentieth Century Fox,) |
| 9. Location. | (pp.193-200,) |

Doing the Works Cited page using Modern Language Style (MLA) 8th edition:
List of types of sources and how to cite them on the Works Cited page:

I. Books
Last Name, First Name. Title of Book. Publishing Company, Date of Publication.

Book with one author:

**In-text citation? ________________________________**

Book with two or three authors:

*first name is inverted; second name is not; comma between them

**In-text citation? ________________________________**

Book with more than three authors:

*et al. = and others

**In-text citation? ________________________________**
Book with an edition noted:

**In-text citation?**

Article in an Anthology or Collection with editor(s), (such as our textbook):

**In-text citation?**

Book with an editor or editors:

**In-text citation?**


**In-text citation?**

II. Periodicals (print and electronic)
Periodicals include magazines, newspapers, and scholarly journals (academic/professional magazines).
Citations for periodicals include the author of the article, the title of the article, title of the periodical, date of publication and page numbers (and URL and date of access for electronic versions). NOTE: p. is used for page number and pp. is used for multiple page numbers.

Article in a magazine (print version):

**In-text citation?**

NOTE: If an article does not have an author, your citation begins with the article title.
Article in a magazine (electronic version):

**In-text citation?** _________________________________________________________________________

Article in a newspaper (print version):

**In-text citation?** _________________________________________________________________________

Article in a newspaper (electronic version):

**In-text citation?** _________________________________________________________________________

Article in a scholarly journal (print version):

**In-text citation?** _________________________________________________________________________

Article in a scholarly journal (electronic version):

**In-text citation?** _________________________________________________________________________

Article in an online scholarly journal from a database (like *Academic Search Complete* in our College Library website):

**In-text citation?** _________________________________________________________________________
III. Online video (YouTube):

V. The formatting of your Works Cited list
- According to MLA style, you must have a Works Cited page at the end of your research paper. All entries in the Works Cited page must correspond to the works cited in your main text.
- Begin your Works Cited page on a separate page at the end of your research paper.
- Label the page Works Cited (do not italicize the words Works Cited or put them in quotation marks) and centre the words Works Cited at the top of the page.
- Double space all citations.
- Indent the second and subsequent lines of citations by 0.5 inches to create a hanging indent.
- List page numbers of sources efficiently, when needed. If you refer to a journal article that appeared on pages 225 through 250, list the page numbers on your Works Cited page as 225-50. Note that MLA style uses a hyphen in a span of pages.
- All works cited entries end with a period.

IV. Abbreviation of months in a Works Cited list:
Jan.
Feb.
Mar.
Apr.
May
June
July
Aug.
Sept.
Oct.
Nov.
Dec.
• Capitalize each word in the titles of articles, books, etc., but do not capitalize articles (the, an), prepositions, or conjunctions unless one is the first word of the title or subtitle: *Gone with the Wind, The Art of War, There Is Nothing Left to Lose.*

• Use italics (instead of underlining) for titles of larger works (books, magazines) and quotation marks for titles of shorter works (poems, articles)

• Entries are listed alphabetically by the author’s last name (or, for entire edited collections, editor names). Author names are written last name first; middle names or middle initials follow the first name:
  Burke, Kenneth
  Levy, David M.
  Wallace, David Foster

• If there is no author, begin the citation with the title of the article, which comes next in the citation.

Sources: *MLA Handbook; Purdue University Online Writing Lab (OWL) website*